# CDC PUBLIC HEALTH GRAND ROUNDS

# **Addressing Health Disparities in Early Childhood**



Assessible version: https://youtu.be/sfk2BPUTgMk





U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

### **Origins and Impacts of Health Disparities in Early Childhood**



#### Ross A. Thompson, PhD

Distinguished Professor of Psychology University of California, Davis Board President, ZERO TO THREE







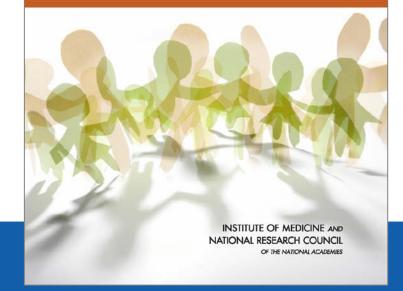


U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

#### How Do We Make Systems Better for Young Children?



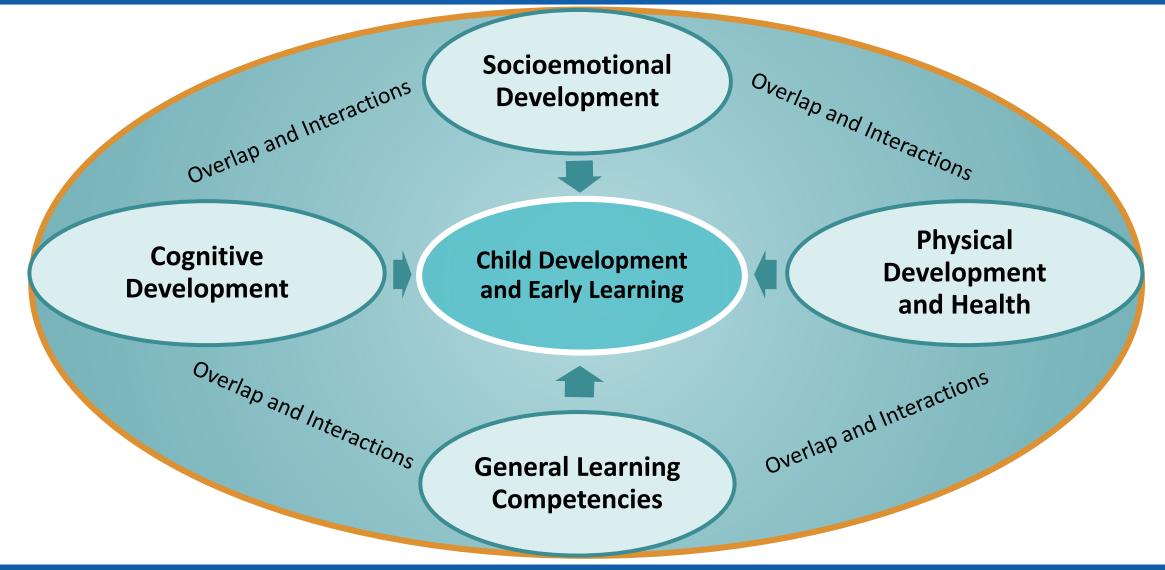
Transforming the Workforce for Children Birth Through Age 8: A Unifying Foundation



How do we provide young children with continuous, high-quality support for their development and learning from birth to age 8 by transforming the early childhood workforce and changing systems of early care and education?

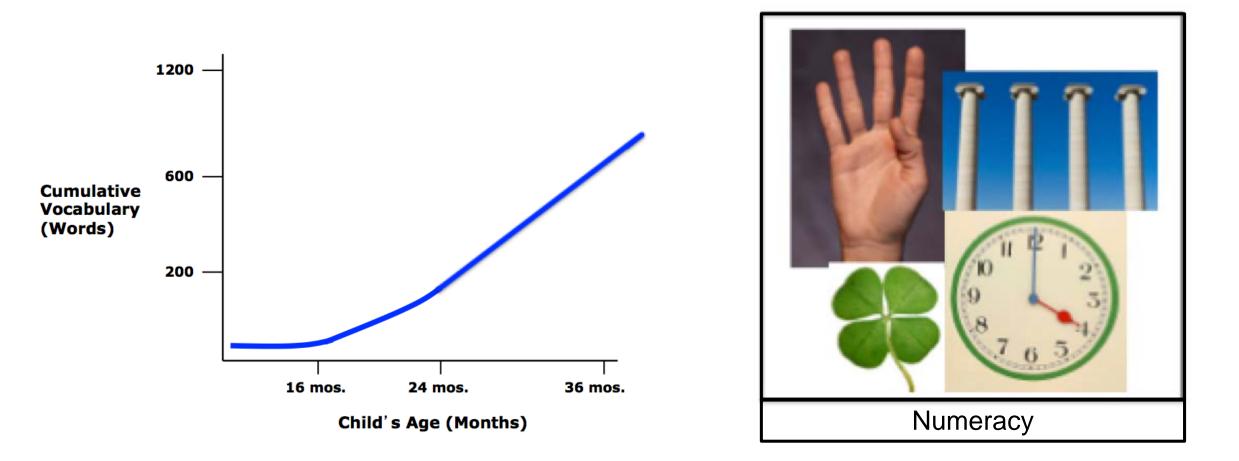
2015 NRC / IOM Report on Young Children's Services Transforming The Workforce For Children Birth To Age 8

#### 1. Young Children's Development Is Deeply Integrated

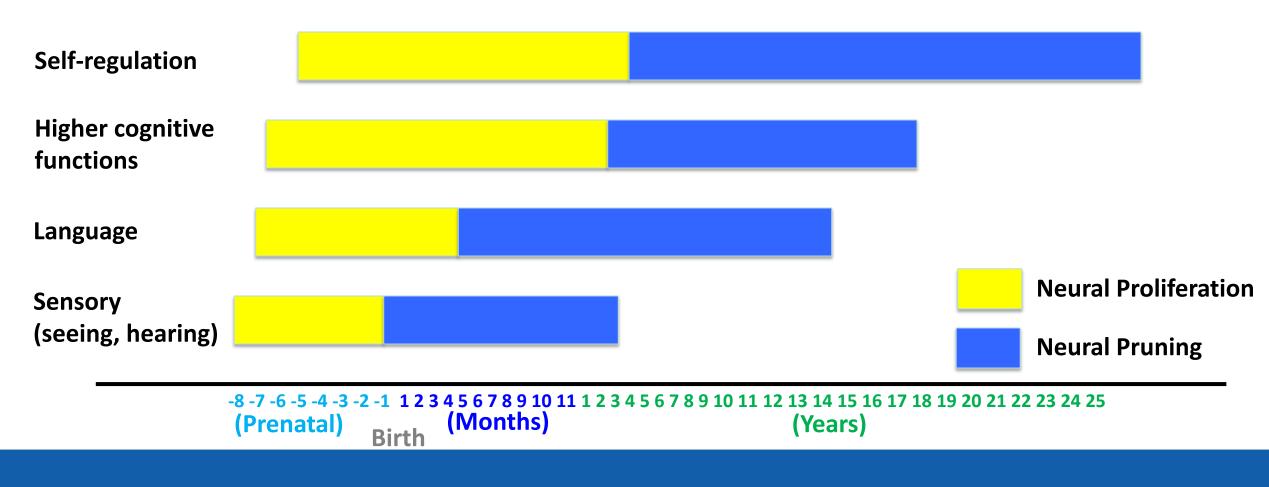


Transforming the Workforce for Children Birth Through Age 8: A Unifying Foundation. National Research Council and IOM report, 2015

# 2. Individuals Working with Children Have Not Kept Pace with Rapidly Expanding Knowledge of Early Learning

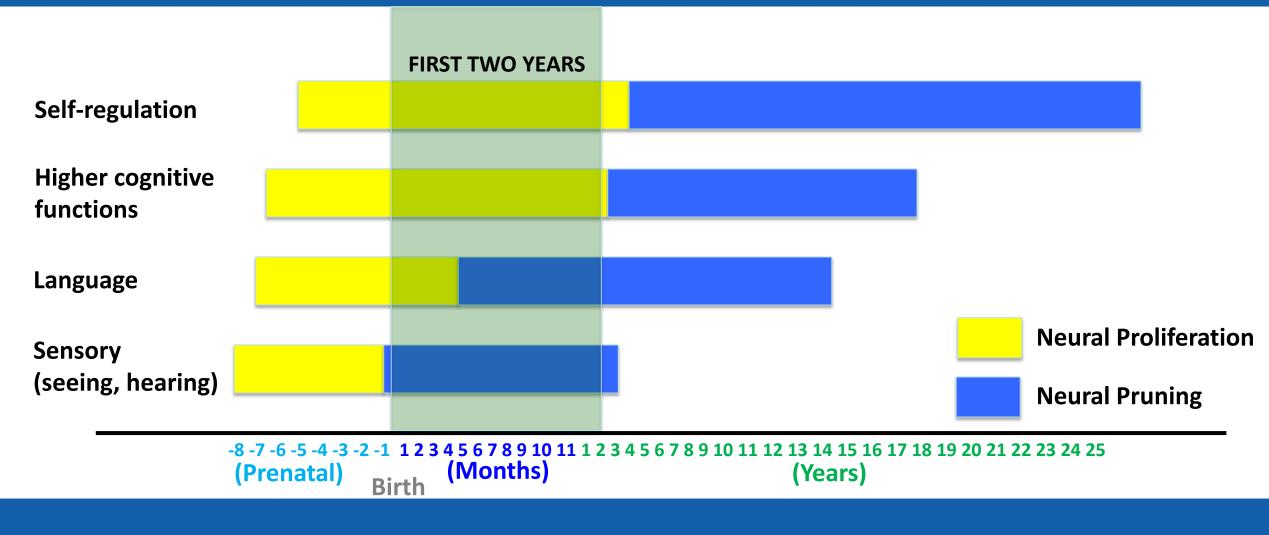


#### **Brain Development in Selected Domains**



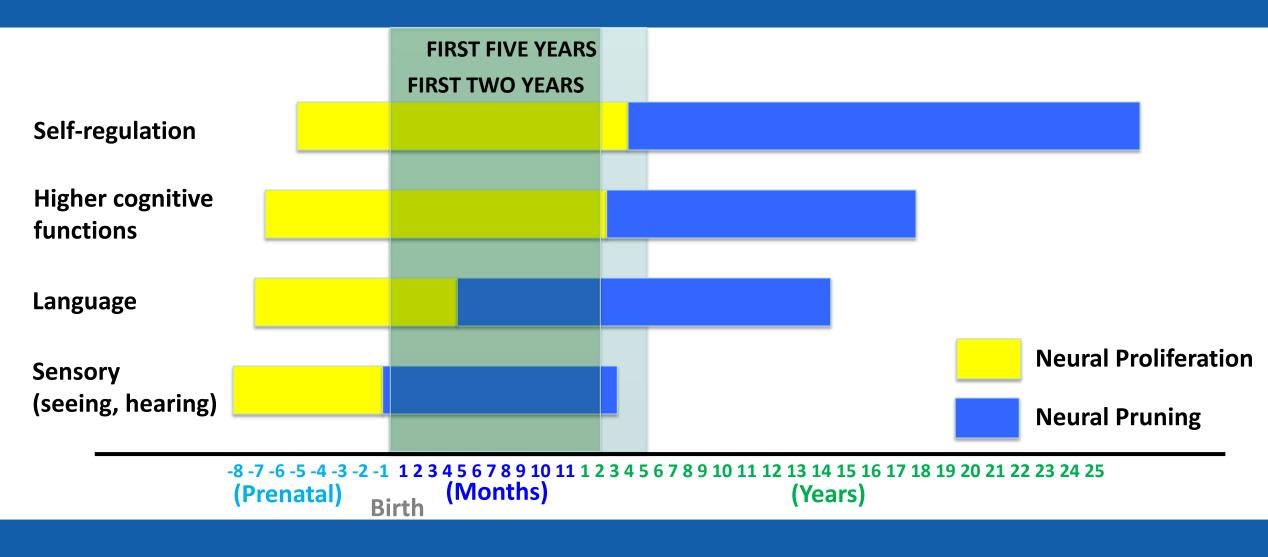
Adapted from Thompson RA, Nelson CA. American Psychologist, 2001

#### **Brain Development in Selected Domains**



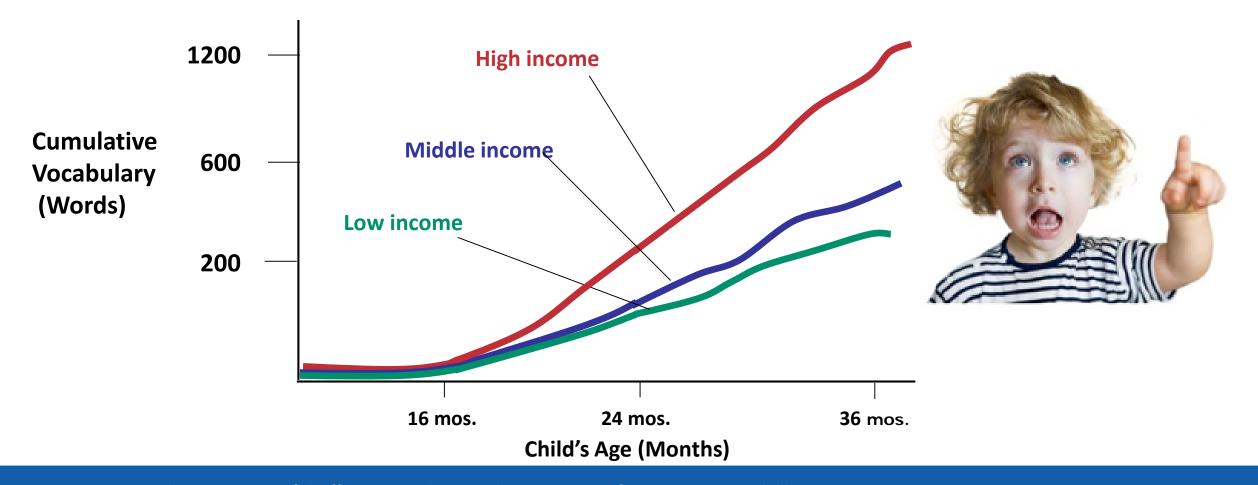
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#### **Brain Development in Selected Domains**



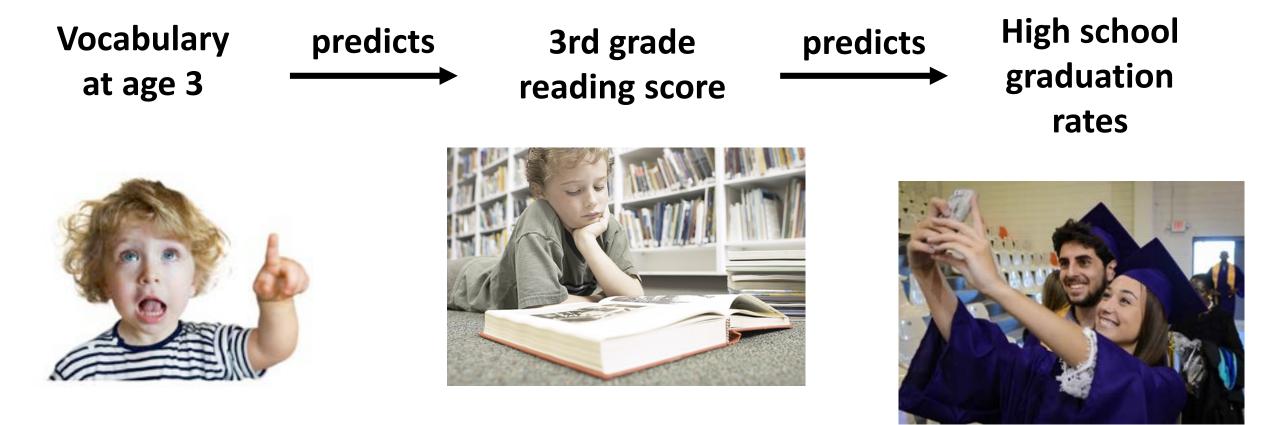
Adapted from Thompson RA, Nelson CA. American Psychologist, 2001

#### The Effects of Early Experiences Are Important and Accumulate



Hart B, Risley TR. *Meaningful differences in the everyday experience of young American children*, 1995 Fernald A, Marchman VA, Weisleder A. *Dev Sci*. 2013 Weisleder A, Fernald A. *Psychol Sci*. 2013

### The Effects Continue to Accumulate Throughout Childhood and Adolescence



Hart B, Risley TR. *Meaningful differences in the everyday experience of young American children*, 1995 Annie E. Casey Foundation, 2012; Lesnick J, Goerge RM, Smithgall C, Gwynne J. Chicago: Chapin Hall at the University of Chicago, 2010

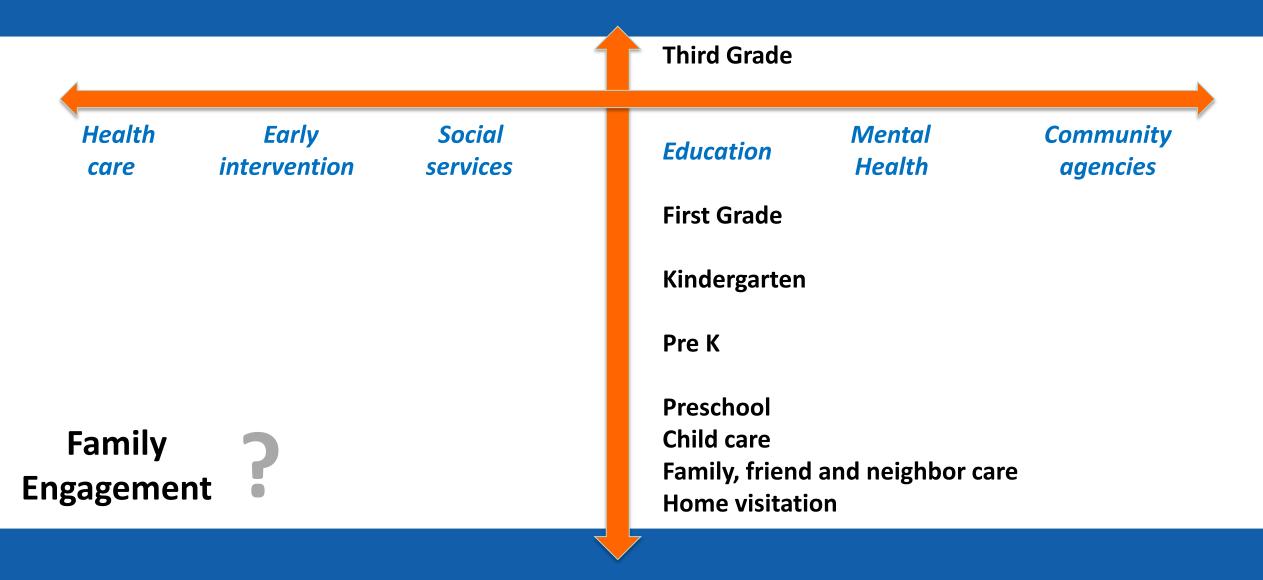
# U.S. Adult Outcomes by Family Income Between the Prenatal Year and Age 5

	Low Income		Above Low Income
	Below	100%-199%	200% or more
	FPL	FPL	FPL
U.S. Adult Outcomes	Mean or %	Mean or %	Mean or %
Years of Schooling Completed	11.8 yr	12.7 yr	14.0 yr
Poor health	13%	13%	5%
Nonmarital births (women only)	50%	28%	9%
Earnings *	\$17,900	\$26,800	\$39,700
Annual work hours *	1,512	1,839	1,963

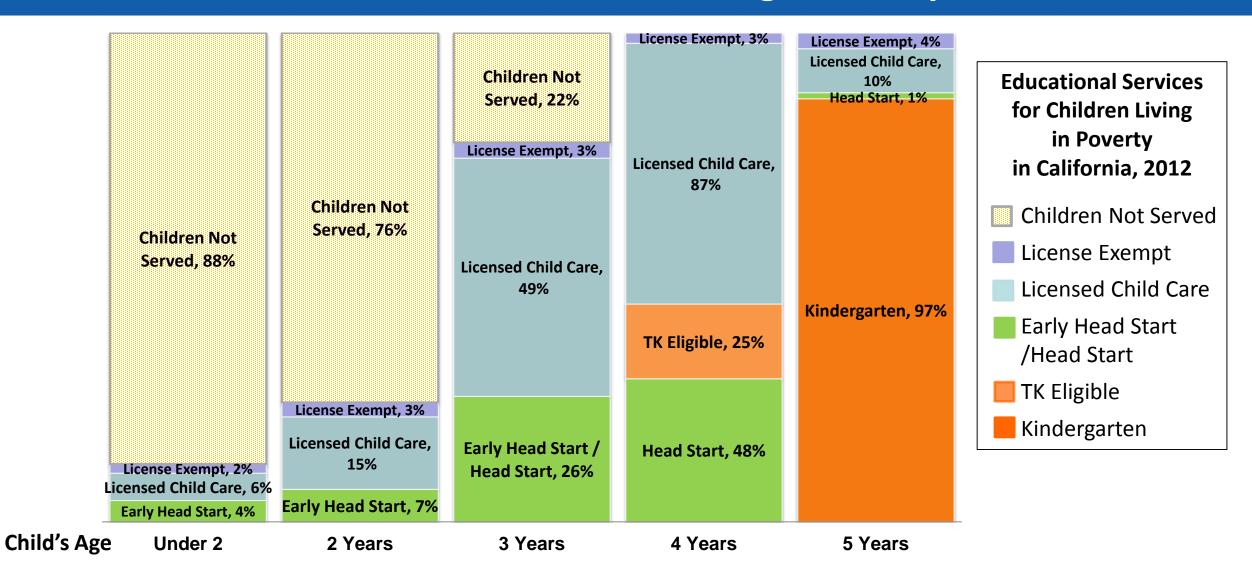
\* Significantly greater effects of early childhood poverty than the effects of poverty for children at any older age, with the effects of older-age poverty controlled

Duncan & Magnuson, 2011 from Duncan GJ, Ziol-Guest KM, and Kalil A. Child Development, 2010

# 3. The System of Early Childhood Services Is Fractionated



# The System Is Especially Fractionated for The Youngest Children and Children Can Fall Through the Gaps



<sup>13</sup> Presentation to the David and Lucile Packard Foundation, March 21, 2013

# Young Children and Their Families Face Significant Challenges

- Parents of young children are typically stressed and often overwhelmed
- High-quality child care is expensive and inaccessible in many communities
- Formal and informal providers of care for infants and toddlers are often underprepared and poorly supported

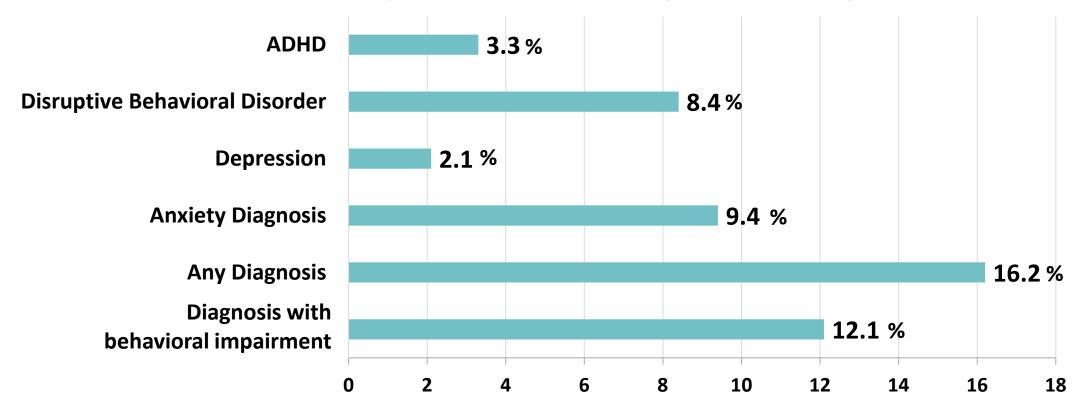


### Young Children and Their Families Face Other Challenges

- Families may lack a medical home, especially if they are living in rural areas or face language or cultural barriers to medical access
- Special health care needs present at a very young age but many young children do not receive services until they enter school
- Stress and trauma in early childhood manifest as behavior problems that may not be recognized as mental health needs in young children

#### **Rates of Preschool Psychiatric Disorders**

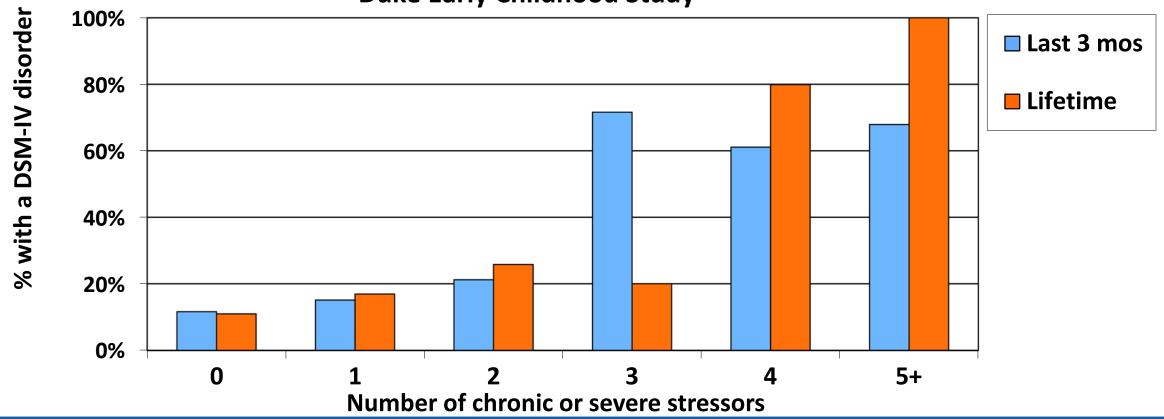
Percent of Psychiatric Disorders Among Preschoolers Ages 2–5



Data from Duke Early Childhood Study, courtesy Dr. Helen Egger, Duke University Medical Center

# Association of Stress with Psychiatric Disorders in Childhood

Cumulative Stressors in Childhood and Psychiatric Disorders, Duke Early Childhood Study



Data from Duke Early Childhood Study, courtesy Dr. Helen Egger, Duke University Medical Center

# What Can Public Health Systems Offer Young Children and Their Families?

- Increase emphasis on birth to age 5 for prevention and health promotion
- Increase awareness of early physical and mental health issues and highlight gaps in knowledge
- Communicate prevention strategies to parents and practitioners



# What Can Public Health Systems Offer Young Children and Their Families?

#### Strengthen developmental and behavioral health screening and referral services

• Especially to hard-to-reach and underserved populations

# Establish connections between physical and behavioral health of young children

- -- to the health of their parents
- -- to community wellness

#### Provide avenues for the development of integrated service systems

 Connect pediatric, mental health, child welfare, and early care and education practitioners

### **Examples of Early Intervention Programs That Work**

#### Nurse Family Partnership

- Home visits by registered nurses to first-time mothers, particularly those in difficulty, beginning in pregnancy and continuing through child's second birthday
- Three RCTs have demonstrated benefits for maternal health practices, parenting competency, and child cognitive and behavioral outcomes through adolescence

#### Chicago Child-Parent Centers

- Half-day preschool beginning at age 3 with small classes, well-trained teachers, and a required parental volunteer commitment; staff laison provides family outreach
- Benefits to children include improved school readiness, higher reading and math achievement scores, improved high school graduation, reduced juvenile arrests

### Early Investments Can Provide Remarkable Results

Cost-effectiveness studies show that well-implemented early interventions can show a significant long-term return on investment

- -- especially true for children at greatest risk
- -- focus on quality, including adult-child interactions and social climate
- -- subsequent experiences and influences maintain early gains
- -- focus on the growth of multiple skills (e.g., cognitive and noncognitive)

Quality and quantity of evidence-based early interventions for young children (and their families) continues to grow

# Making Connections to Support Healthy Development for All Children



#### Paul H. Dworkin, MD

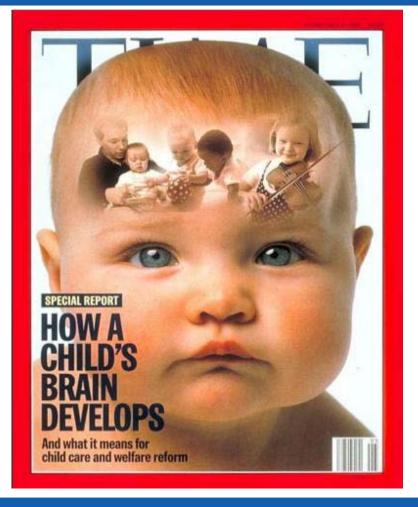
Executive Vice President for Community Child Health & Founding Director Help Me Grow National Center, Connecticut Children's Medical Center Professor of Pediatrics, University of Connecticut School of Medicine

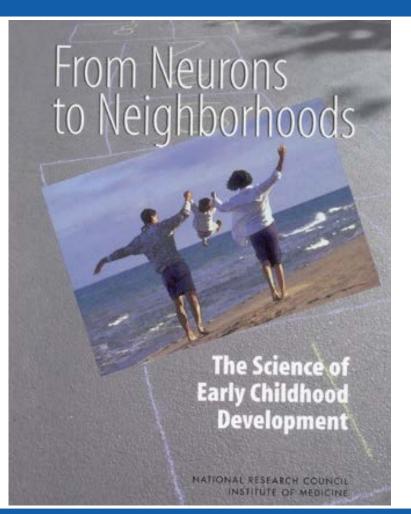






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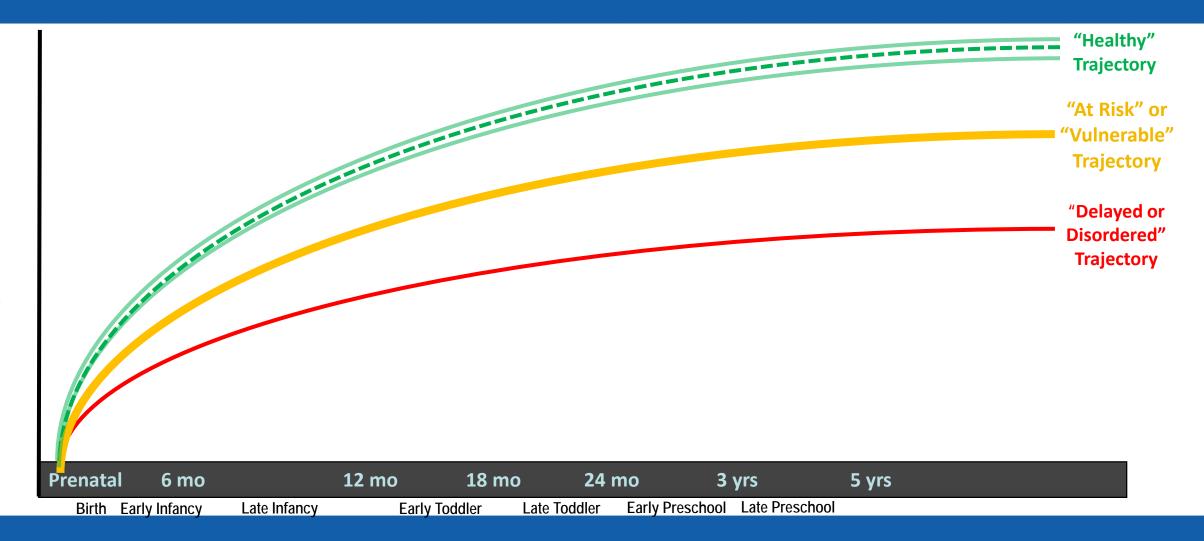
Shonkoff JP, Phillips DA. National Academy Press; 2000 http://www.nap.edu/catalog/9824/from-neurons-to-neighborhoods-the-science-of-early-childhood-development

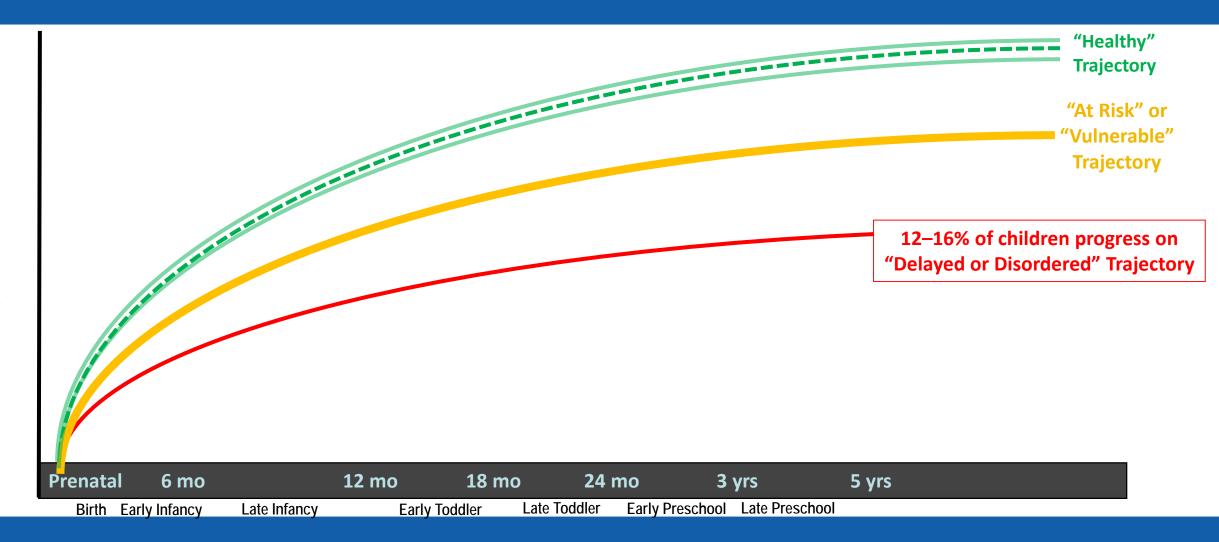
# Health Outcomes are Influenced by More Than Quality Health Care

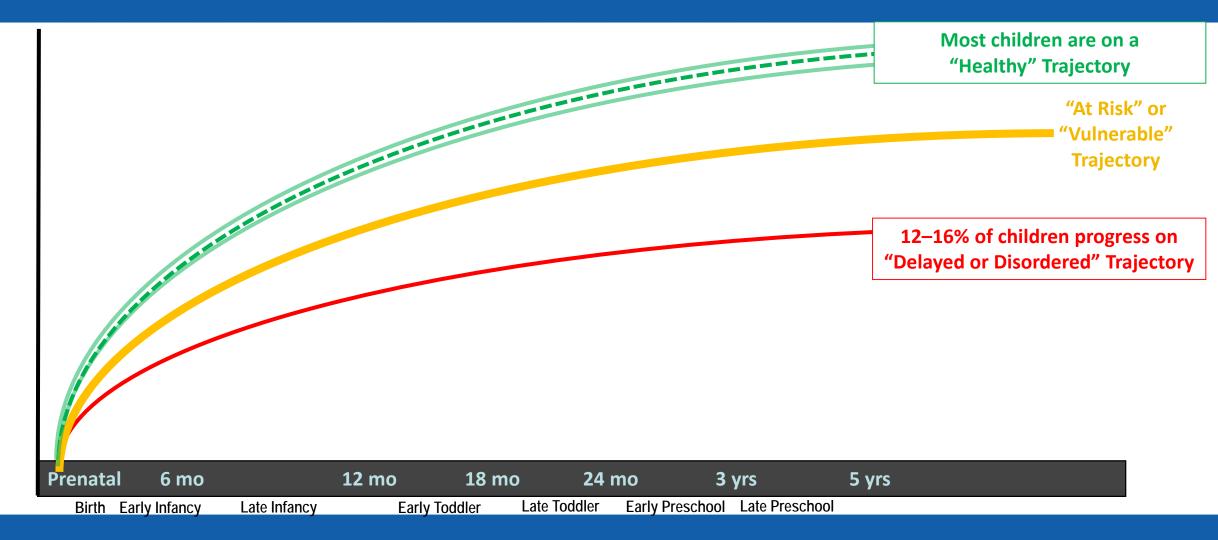
#### DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

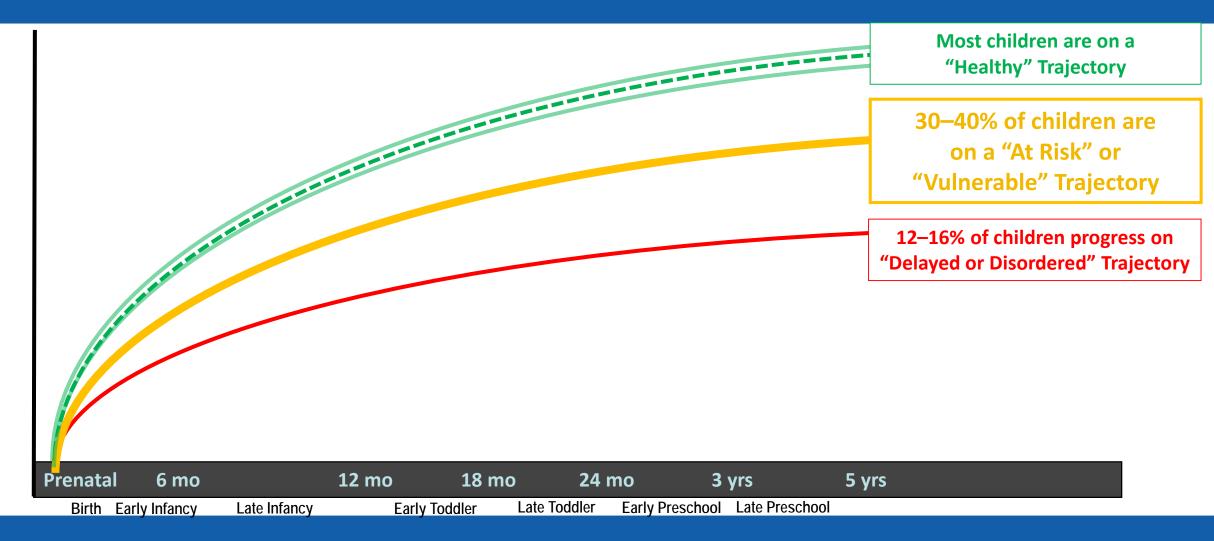


McGinnis JM, Williams-Russo P, Knickman JR. *Health Aff* 2002

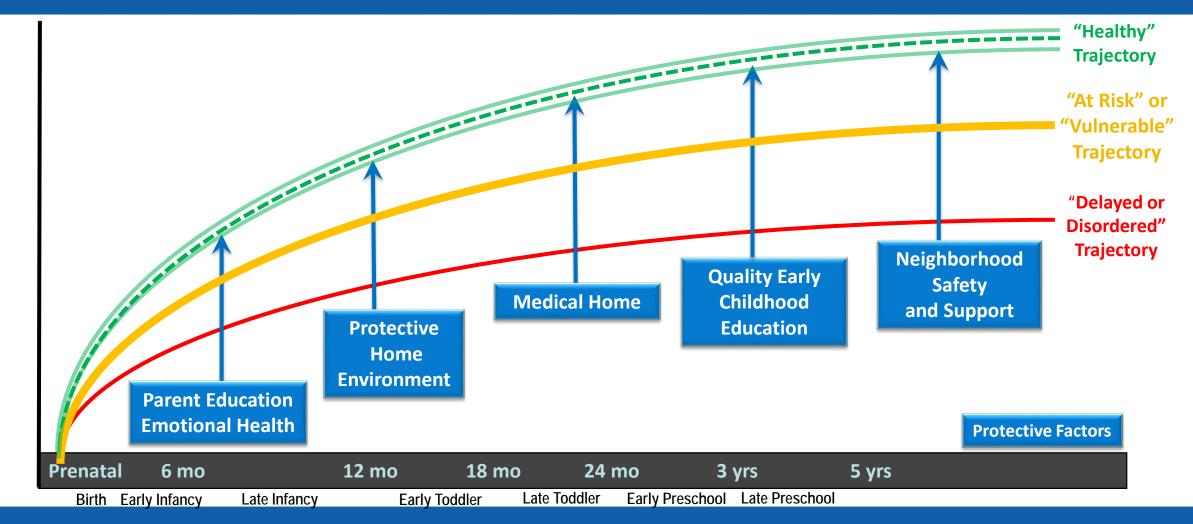




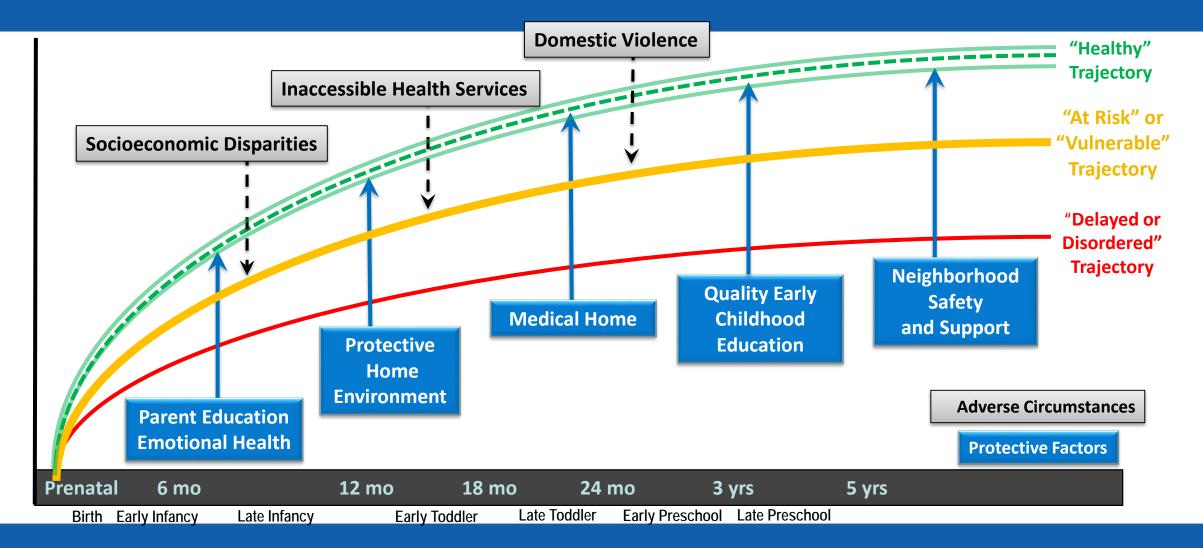




#### **Factors That Influence Developmental Trajectories and Risk**



### **Factors That Influence Developmental Trajectories and Risk**



# Prevent Low- and Medium-Risk Families from Becoming High-Risk

"The most effective long-term strategy appears to be the development of a **comprehensive, coordinated, community-wide approach** focused on **preventing** *low- and medium-risk families* **from becoming** *high-risk,* **as well as providing intensive services to those who already have reached a high-risk status."** 

#### Hartford, Connecticut

Connecticut has the highest per capita income in the nation, yet Hartford is ranked the country's seventh poorest city



http://www.areavibes.com/library/top-10-highest-poverty-rates/

# **Crucial Conversations to Promote Children's Healthy Development**

#### > Hartford Foundation for Public Giving (HFPG) Brighter Futures initiative

#### Hartford City Health Department

- Child Development Program (CDP)
- Region's child health providers
  - Community health centers
- > Children's Health Council Children's Health Infoline
- Hartford Parents Network
- CT Birth to Three System (Part C)





### Shared Assumptions – At-Risk Children Are Falling through the Gaps

- 1. Children with developmental and behavioral problems are **eluding early detection**
- 2. Many **initiatives exist** to provide services to young children and their families
- 3. A critical gap exists between identifying children in need and connecting to child development and early childhood education programs



4. Children and their families would benefit from a **coordinated, region-wide system** of early detection, intervention for children at developmental risk

#### Help Me Grow System

#### **Core Components**

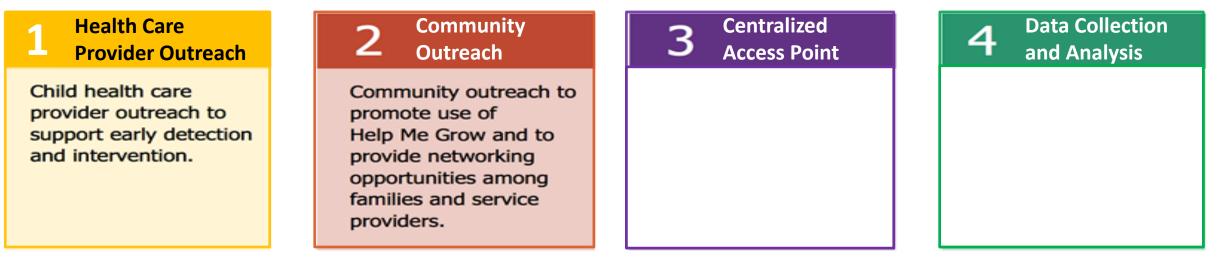






#### Help Me Grow System

#### **Core Components**







#### Help Me Grow System

#### **Core Components**

1 Health Care Provider Outreach

Child health care provider outreach to support early detection and intervention.

#### 2 Community Outreach

Community outreach to promote use of Help Me Grow and to provide networking opportunities among families and service providers.

#### 3 Centralized Access Point

Centralized telephone access point for connecting children and their families to services and care coordination.







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#### 4 Data Collection and Analysis

Data collection to understand all aspects of the Help Me Grow system, including the identification of gaps and barriers.





#### One Call Does It All







#### Assessing for Eligibility and Connecting to Publicly-funded Services







#### Those Not Eligible for Publicly-funded Services Are Connected to Community-based Programs and Services



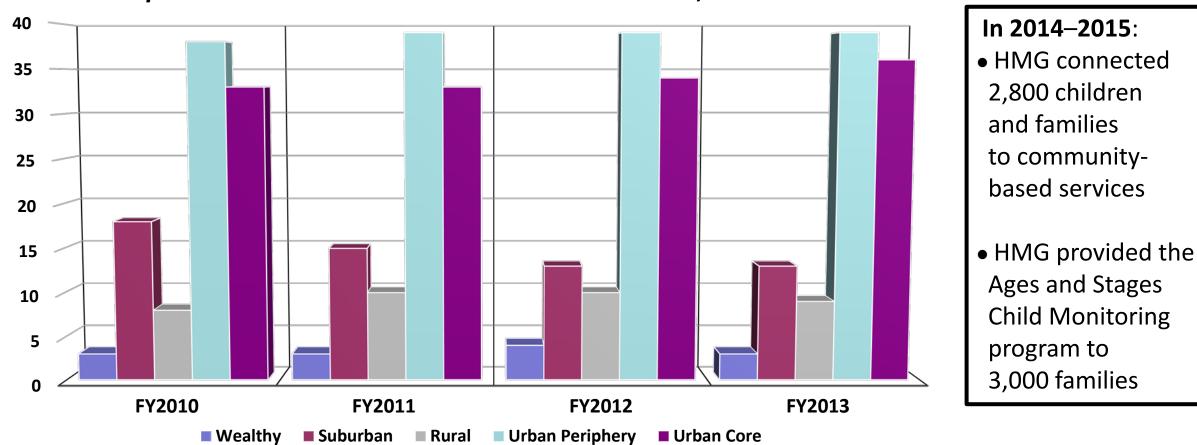




## Measuring Outcomes Through Evaluation: Results-Based Accountability

- > Utilization of *Help Me Grow*
- Utilization of follow-up services
- > Number and type of referrals for programs and services
- Outreach activities
- Training in developmental surveillance and screening
- > Percentage of families that received at least one or more services
- Utilization of the Ages & Stages Child Monitoring Program
- Over 80% of children and families referred to HMG were linked to community-based programs and services

#### Where Families Who Call Help Me Grow (HMG) Reside



Help Me Grow Evaluation of Where Families Live, 2010–2013

Hughes M, Joslyn A. Help Me Grow: 2014 Evaluation Report. Hartford, CT: Center for Social Research, University of Hartford, 2014

## Strengthening Family and Protective Factors Correlates with Positive Outcomes

- PARENTAL RESILIENCE
- SOCIAL CONNECTIONS
- KNOWLEDGE of PARENTING and CHILD DEVELOPMENT
- CONCRETE SUPPORT in TIMES of NEED
- SOCIAL and EMOTIONAL COMPETENCE of CHILDREN



#### center for the study of social policy's strengthening families A protective factors framework

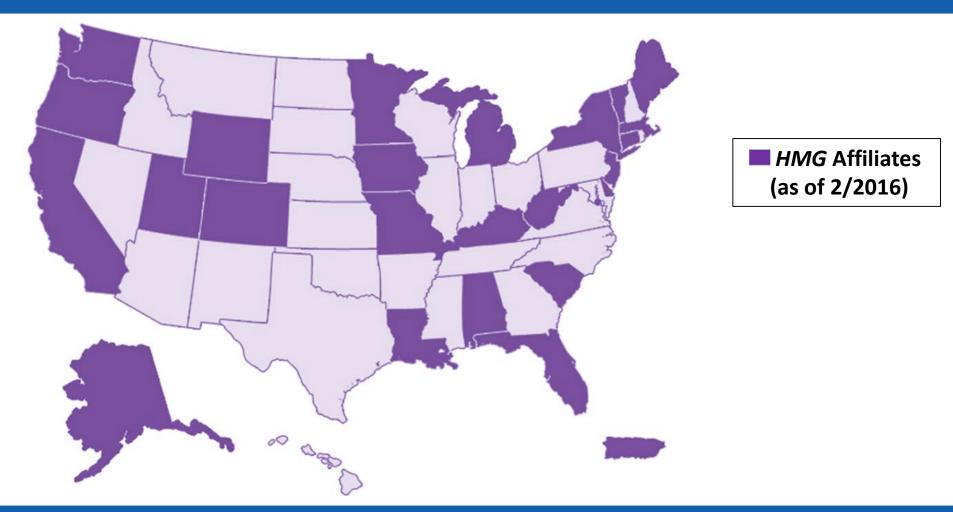
Center for the Study of Social Policy. The Protective Factors Framework http://www.cssp.org/reform/strengthening-families/basic-one-pagers/Strengthening-Families-Protective-Factors.pdf

#### **Promising Results from Strengthening Families**

Survey Questions	Parent Responses (%)		
As a result of my call to Child Development Infoline and the information and services I received:	Extremely or Quite a bit	Not at all	N/A
I have a better understanding of my child's development.	80%	4%	7%
I am able to access services if I need it.	84%	2%	2%
I have people I can talk to for advice and emotional support.	79%	1%	4%
There is improvement in my family's day-to-day circumstances.	66%	5%	17%
My relationship with my child has improved.	71%	2%	27%
My child's behavior has improved (e.g., mood, attitude, play, relationships with other children).	45%	1%	32%

Hughes M, Joslyn A, Wojton M, et al. Infants & Young Child, 2016

#### Helping States Fill the Gap and Reach Vulnerable Children





www.helpmegrownational.org

#### Help Me Grow, Public Policy, and Health Disparities

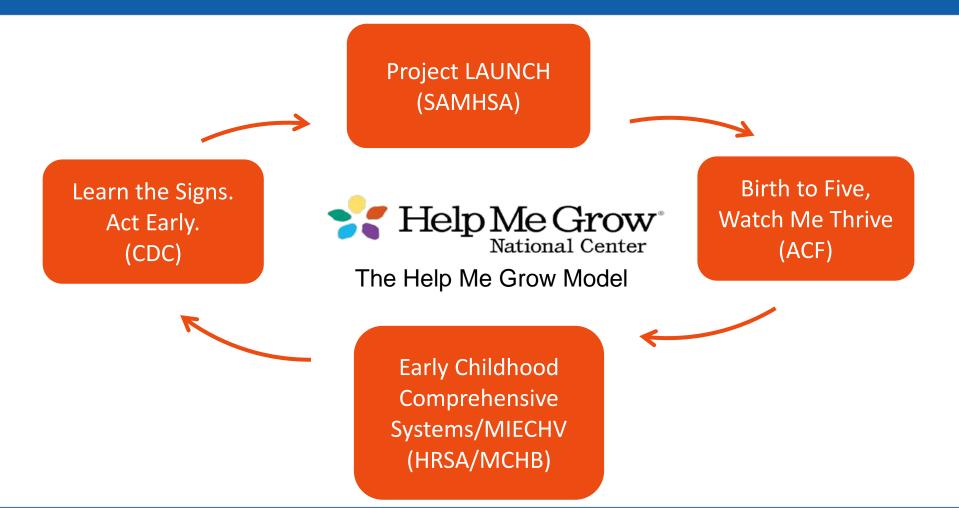
#### Focus on vulnerable children

- Often elude early detection
- Typically do not meet the relatively restrictive eligibility criteria of state early intervention programs

#### > Support for interventions that strengthen protective factors

- Enable families to mitigate the impact of early adversity and stress
- Cross-sector collaboration is imperative in addressing the many adverse influences on children's developmental outcomes

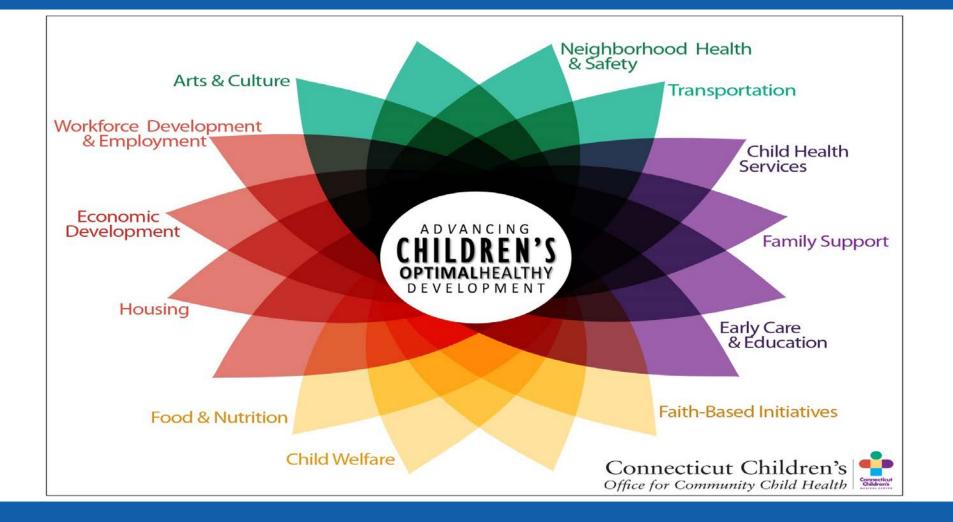
#### Embedding Within a System "Developmental Promotion, Early Detection, and Referral & Linkage"



SAMHSA: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration ACF: Administration for Children and Families MIECHV: Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting HRSA/NCHB: Health Resources and Services Administration Maternal and Child Health Branch

48

#### **Ever-growing Number of Sectors to Help Children Grow**



#### Public Health Programs to Improve Early Childhood Health



#### Georgina Peacock, MD, MPH, FAAP

Director, Division of Human Development and Disability

National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## Cross Sector Collaboration Is Important to Healthy Development and Lifelong Health

Federal	$\wedge$	State	
ACFHRSASAMHSACDCDept. of JusticeNIHDept. of Education		Public healthEarly educationChild welfareEarly interventionDisabilityBehavioral health	
	Cross Sector Collaboration		
<b>Professional</b> American Academy of Pediatrics American Psychological Association Soc. for Research in Child Development		<b>Community</b> ZERO TO THREE YMCA Mental Health America Casey Family Foundation	

ACF: Administration for Children and Families HRSA: Health Resources and Services Administration SAMHSA: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

51

## Healthy People 2020 Goals for Early Childhood

- Fostering knowledgeable and nurturing families, parents and caregivers Creating supportive and safe environments in home, schools and communities Increasing access to high-quality health care Increasing the proportion of children who are ready for school in all five domains of healthy development
  - Physical, social-emotional, learning, language, and cognitive



Healthy Peopl

http://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/topics-objectives/topic/early-and-middle-childhood

#### The Public Health Model for Early Childhood

Increased surveillance and recognition of risks and modifiable factors
Early identification of at-risk children and referral for intervention
Prevention and preparedness
Health promotion for all children



# Factors Associated with Mental, Behavioral and Developmental Disorders (MBDD) in Early Childhood

Studied sociodemographic, family, community and healthcare factors associated with increased risk for MBDDs among children

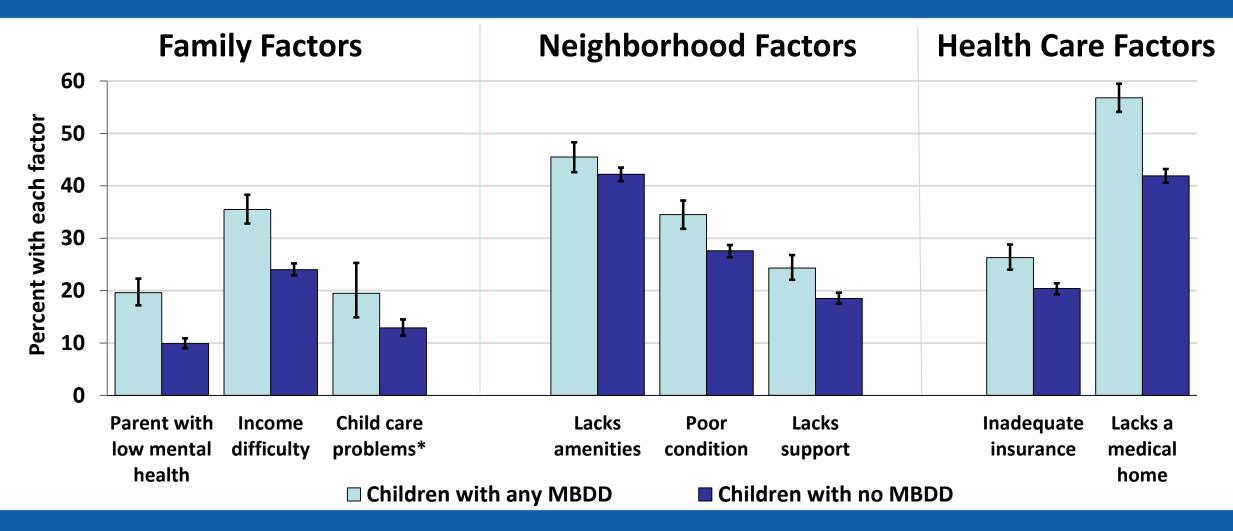
Parents report that 15% of U.S. children 2–8 years old diagnosed with a mental, behavioral or developmental disorder

#### Diagnoses include

- ADHD
- Anxiety
- Autism spectrum disorder
- Depression

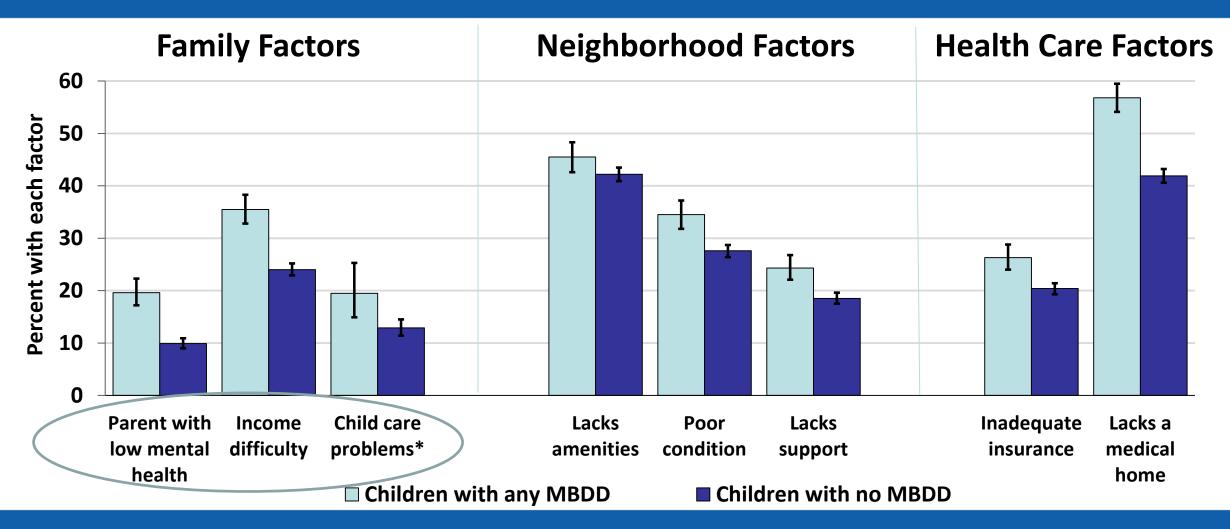
- Developmental delay
- Intellectual disability
- Learning disability
- Speech or language problems

- Tourette Syndrome
- Behavioral or conduct problems such as oppositional defiant disorder or conduct disorder

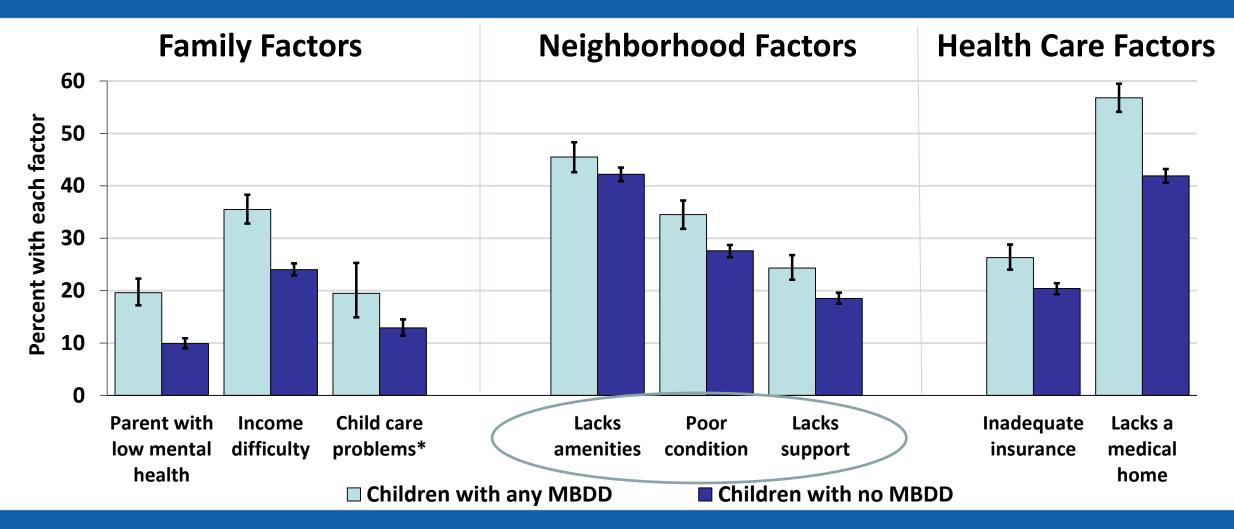


\*2–3 year olds only

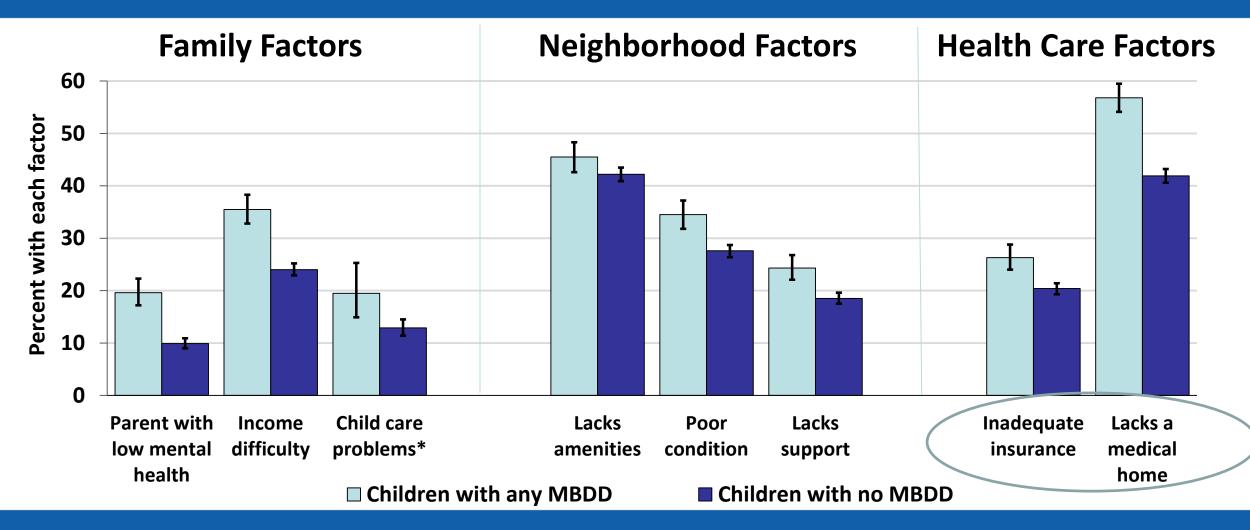
Bitsko, RH, Holbrook JR, Robinson LR, et al. MMWR, 2016



\*2–3 year olds only Bitsko, RH, Holbrook JR, Robinson LR, et al. *MMWR*, 2016



Bitsko, RH, Holbrook JR, Robinson LR, et al. MMWR, 2016



Bitsko, RH, Holbrook JR, Robinson LR, et al. MMWR, 2016

## Increasing Prevalence of Attention-deficit/hyperactivity Disorder in Early Childhood

- >1 in 3 children with ADHD diagnosed before age 6
- Diagnosed prevalence increased from 8% to 11%, from 2003 to 2011
- >Among 4–10 year olds
  - Prevalence increased from 6% to 8%, from 2003 to 2011
  - ADHD medication increased from 4% to 5%, from 2007 to 2011
- >Among 4–5 year olds, behavior management training is first-line treatment
  - 25% are treated with medication only

#### Public Health Approach to Get the Right Care at the Right Time

#### Focus for the Future

Paving the path for young children with ADHD

- Fewer than 1 in 2 receive the recommended treatment, behavior management training for parents
- Encourages behavior management for young children with ADHD and training to teach parenting skills parents may need
- Working to increase awareness, address service deficits, and inform policy decisions



#### **Early Identification, Detection and Intervention**

#### > Learn the Signs. Act Early.

 Program to improve early identification of all children at risk for or with developmental disabilities

#### Early Hearing Detection and Intervention

 Supports states to ensure all infants are screened for hearing loss and receive recommended follow-up services

Learn the Signs. Act Early.





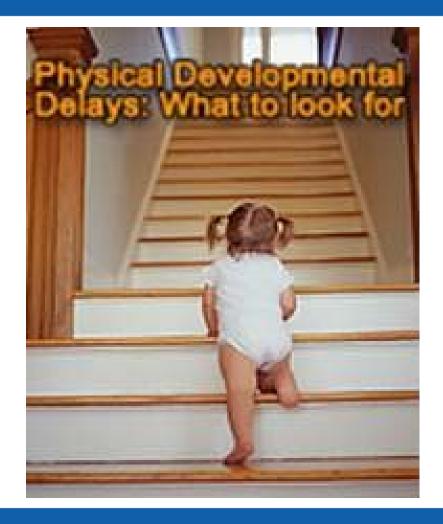
## Early Identification of Muscle Weakness and Physical Developmental Delays

#### Online tool developed for clinicians to identify muscle weakness

Provides some information for families

#### Physical Developmental Delays: What to look for

- New online tool for parents concerned about possible delays in their child's physical development
- To reduce the time to diagnosis and starting services



http://www.childmuscleweakness.org http://motordelay.aap.org http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/musculardystrophy/features/tool-parents-learn-physical-development-delays.html

#### **Promoting Positive Parenting**

#### ≻Legacy for Children<sup>™</sup>

- Group-based primary prevention
- Positive parenting
- Improve child development among low-income families



#### Essentials for Parenting Toddlers and Preschoolers

 Web-based resource for promoting positive parenting and parent-child relationships



**Essentials for Parenting** 

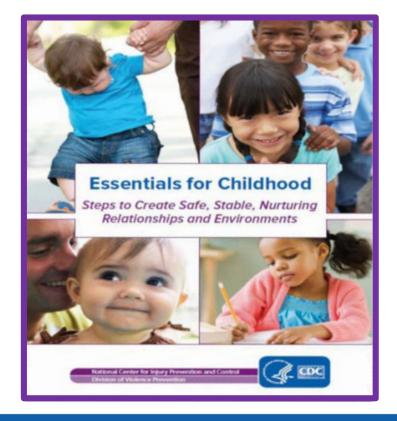
http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/childdevelopment/legacy.html http://www.cd

## Creating Safe, Stable, Nurturing Relationships and Environments

#### Essentials for Childhood

- Assuring safe, stable, nurturing relationships and environments for all children
- Supporting States
  - Funding five health departments
  - Supporting 30 additional states with training and technical assistance





http://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/childmaltreatment/essentials.html

#### **Going Forward with Public Health**

#### Prevention

- Identification of modifiable risk factors for ADHD
- Preventing Child Abuse and Neglect technical package

#### Early identification

- Tools in development to identify tics and tic disorders
- September Public Health Grand Rounds is Point of Care Newborn Screening

#### Strengthening collaboration

- Informing workforce development efforts
- Engaging new partners



#### Strategies to Promote Healthy Behavioral Development in Childhood



#### Mary Ann McCabe, PhD, ABPP

Past-President, Society for Child and Family Policy and Practice Chair, APA Interdivisional Task Force on Child Mental Health Associate Clinical Professor of Pediatrics, George Washington University School of Medicine



#### Historical Overview – World Health Organization, 1954

# Without mental health there can be no true physical health.

Material drawn from articles and speeches by Brock Chisholm, First Director General, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1954

whqlibdoc.who.int/hist/.../ChisholmBrock\_1953\_Compilation.pdf

Mental Health: A Report of the Surgeon General, 1999

# Mental health is fundamental to overall heath and well-being.

Mental Health:
A Report of the
Surgeon General



Department of Health and Human Service

#### Culture, Race, and Ethnic Disparities in Mental Health



Mental Health: Culture, Race, and Ethnicity. A Supplement to Mental Health: A Report of the Surgeon General

> MENTAL HEALTH: CULTURE, RACE, AND ETHNICITY

A SUPALMENT TO MINTAL HUALTIC A REPORT OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 1999

#### Health Is More than the Absence of Disorders

## "Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity."

Framed in the WHO Constitution, 2006

#### A Call to Action on Children's Mental Health

"...mental health is a critical component of children's learning and general health. Fostering social and emotional health in children is part of healthy child development and must therefore be a national priority."



Report of the Surgeon General's Conference on Children's Mental Health: A National Action Agenda



Report of the Surgeon General's Conference on Children's Mental Health:

A National Action Agenda

U.S. Public Health Service, 2000

#### The 20/20 Problem and Public Health

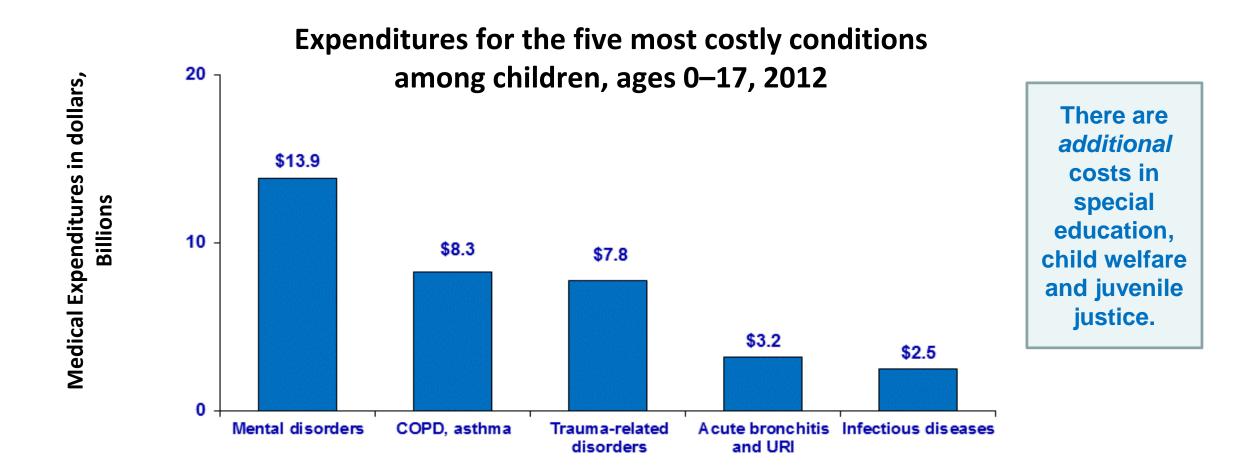
# Most mental disorders in adults can be traced to an onset during childhood

Estimates are as high as 20% of children in the US have a mental health problem and only 20% of those children receive mental health services — "the 20/20 problem"

#### The situation is worsened by:

- Lack of funding and providers
- Gaps in implementation of evidence-based practices

#### Mental Disorders Are the Most Costly Conditions



Center for Financing, Access and Cost Trends, AHRQ. Household Component of the Medical Expenditures Panel Survey, 2012

## Lack of Unifying Definition Is A Critical Obstacle to Progress

We need a clear and unifying definition of child mental health as being a critical part of healthy development, incorporating mental, social, emotional, and behavioral health

#### Status quo continues to

74

- Allow knowledge to remain in silos
- Contribute to a lack of public understanding of available science
- Make collaboration difficult

#### **Children's Mental Health Is a Broad Policy Issue**

#### With this broad definition, children's mental health is not confined to a single service sector or area of public policy

It is a broad public health issue and inextricably linked to policies related to health, education, and safety

 Including child care, education, child welfare, disasters, school safety, and juvenile justice



#### Attend to Mental Health Wherever Children Are

# "Child mental health should be addressed where children live, play, work and grow."



76



## **Strategies Critical to Reducing Mental Health Disparities**

Promote healthy development for ALL children

- Educate the whole community about healthy development
- Implement evidence-based programs and practices



#### **Share Evidence-based Information**



www.InfoAboutKids.org

## **Promote Healthy Environments**

- Move upstream to social determinants of health and lifecourse health development
  - Prenatal and early life experiences affect adult health
- Focus in early childhood for promotion, prevention and early intervention
- Integrate across sectors: Health, Education, Social Services and Justice System



## **Financing and Implementation**

#### Public policy responses (expenditures) "turn on" when there are problems

Instead, policies should focus upstream towards mental health promotion and prevention Preventing Mental, Emotional and Behavioral Disorders: Financing and Implementation Strategies

Sarah M. Steverman, Ph.D., M.S.W., and David L. Shern, Ph.D., Preventing Mental, Emotional, and Behavioral Disorders Among Young People

Progress and Possibilities



Steverman SM, Shern DL. Mental Health America, 2014

http://www.nap.edu/catalog/12480/preventing-mental-emotional-and-behavioral-disorders-among-young-people-progress

## **Economic Data Support Investments in Early Childhood**

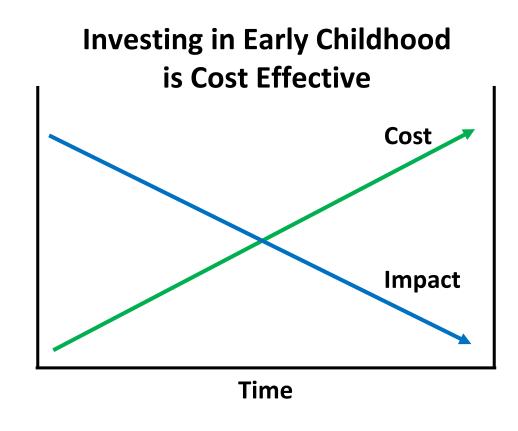
# The Heckman Equation

**Invest** – Invest in educational and developmental resources for disadvantaged families to provide equal access to successful early human development.

+ **Develop** – Nurture early development of cognitive and social skills in children from birth to age five.

+ **Sustain** – Sustain early development with effective education through to adulthood.

**= Gain** – Gain a more capable, productive and valuable workforce that pays dividends to America for generations to come.



#### http://heckmanequation.org/heckman-equation

## **Economic Data Support Investments in Early Childhood**

#### The President's Council of Economic Advisors have recommended

investments in young children, particularly in early education





Executive Office of the President, 2014

## The Affordable Care Act (ACA)

#### The ACA has:

Built upon the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act (2008) in advancing insurance coverage for mental health and substance abuse services

- Stimulated attention to mental health promotion, prevention, and access to evidence-based care
- Facilitated a two-generation approach

## **Two-Generation Approaches to Health**

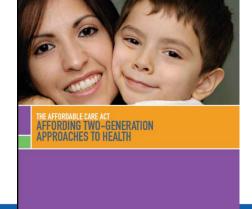
## Opportunities in the ACA for a two-generation approach to health

## Family-oriented approach

- Educational achievement is correlated with improved adult health
- Support education and employment opportunities

## Focused on the health of most vulnerable children and their parents

- Expanding Medicaid coverage
- Fostering improved outcomes through home visiting programs
- Screening, diagnosis and treatment for both child and adult mental health
- Integrating health with human services in communities



THE ASPENUIN

http://ncfy.acf.hhs.gov/library/2014/affordable-care-act-affording-two-generation-approaches-health

## **Collaborations Are Growing**

The National Academy of Medicine has convened a Forum on Promoting Children's Cognitive, Affective, and Behavioral Health to advance implementation of evidence-based programs and practices

• CDC is among the sponsors



Opportunities to Promote Children's Behavioral Health

Health Care Reform and Beyond



WORKSHOP SUMMARY

The National Academies of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE Harvesting the Scientific Investment in Prevention Science to Promote Children's Cognitive, Affective, and Behavioral Health

FORUM ON PROMOTING CHILDREN'S COGNITIVE, AFFECTIVE, AND BEHAVIORAL HEALT



WORKSHOP SUMMARY

INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE AND ATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES

http://www.nap.edu/catalog/18964/ http://www.nap.edu/catalog/21795/

## **Recommendations: Integrate Funding and Services**

#### **1. We need linkages and blended funding streams**

- Across health and education
- Primary care and schools
- Health care and community programs

#### 2. Behavioral health should be fully integrated into primary care

- Innovative ways to promote child mental and behavioral health
- School-based health centers need to be funded to provide behavioral health services along with federally qualified health centers

## **Recommendations: Educate and Extend Perspectives**

- 3. Educate adult health communities about the lifecourse health perspective promoting healthy child development for lifelong health
  - The importance of early childhood, positive parenting, and prevention are in the mental health goal of Healthy People 2020
- Measure return on investments with children and families accounting for development and future targets (e.g., health, educational attainment, and work productivity)

http://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/topics-objectives/topic/mental-health-and-mental-disorders

#### **Recommendations: Focus On Those Who Need the Most**

5. Policymakers should focus on those children and families who are at risk rather than those who use the most services

A change in policy focus will be necessary to improve population health

McCabe MA 2015. Institute of Medicine, Washington, DC. http://nam.edu/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/HealthCareReformDP.pdf http://childpolicyuniversityconsortium.com/pdfs/presentations/NealHalfon-TransformingEarlyChildhoodCommunitySystems\_Feb2012.pdf

## **Everyone Can Invest in Early Childhood To Improve Outcomes**

- Community members can promote investing in early childhood to keep low- and medium-risk children from becoming high-risk
- Care providers and practitioners can advocate and serve as a resource to connect children to the support they need
- Educators can advance our understanding of the opportunity early childhood provides to optimize the potential of children
- Parents can provide positive parenting, trust their gut about their children's development, and seek support for themselves and their children
- Fogether we can make a difference!

# **CDC PUBLIC HEALTH GRAND ROUNDS**

## **Addressing Health Disparities in Early Childhood**



#### March 15, 2016



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention