### **Drowning Prevention**

### CDC's Injury Center Uses Data and Research to Save Lives

Each year

## 4,000 people

die from **drowning** in the United States

Drowning injuries can also cause brain damage and other serious outcomes, including

long-term disability

**Injuries and deaths** from drowning cost the United States

\$53B in 2020

# Drowning is preventable

Together, we can implement solutions



#### **Our Mission**

**CDC is uniquely positioned** to lead data-driven drowning prevention strategies, focusing on groups at increased risk of drowning

#### Some groups have a higher risk of drowning

Limited access to basic swimming and water safety training may contribute to disparities.

- → For people younger than age 30, drowning rates among Black people were 1.5x higher and among American Indian and Alaska Native people were 2x higher than White people
- → Drowning is a leading cause of death among children 1-4 years of age
- → Deaths among persons with autism spectrum disorder were nearly 40x as likely to be caused by drowning as deaths in the general population (Injury mortality in individuals with autism, AJPH)

# CDC Works with Partners to



Collect drowning data to understand risk and protective factors



Implement and evaluate drowning prevention strategies



Pilot and evaluate water safety programs with organizations like the American Red Cross and YMCA



Support the **U.S. National Water Safety Action Plan** to reduce drowning



Support the CDC Healthy and Safe Swimming Program and the Model Aquatic Health Code

# CDC Addresses Disparities by

- Analyzing data, tracking trends, and identifying groups at higher risk
- → Understanding the factors that drive disparities in drowning risk
- → Evaluating programs that teach children who are at increased risk of drowning basic swimming and water



