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## Global and Local Persistence of Influenza A(H5N1) Virus

## **Technical Appendix**

Technical Appendix Tabl	e 1. Estimates for in	nmigration (columns	s) and emigration (re	ows) rates between	each pair of region	s measured in term	s of migration even	ts per lineage per y	ear
	Europe	Hong Kong	Africa	China	Central & West	South Asia	Southeast Asia	South Korea &	Siberia
					Asia			Japan	
Europe	-	.04 (0.02, 0.07)	.04 (0.03, 0.06)	.02 (0.01, 0.04)	.41 (0.24, 0.61)	.04 (0.03, 0.06)	.02 (0.01, 0.03)	.08 (0.05, 0.15)	.24 (0.09, 0.57)
Hong Kong	.06 (0.04, 0.10)	-	.02 (0.01, 0.02)	.25 (0.13, 0.42)	.06 (0.05, 0.08)	.03 (0.03, 0.05)	.06 (0.04, 0.10)	.09 (0.06, 0.15)	.09 (0.06, 0.13)
Africa	.14 (0.07, 0.25)	.03 (0.02, 0.05)	-	.02 (0.01, 0.03)	.58 (0.38, 0.80)	.04 (0.02, 0.06)	.01 (0.01, 0.02)	.06 (0.05, 0.10)	.09 (0.05, 0.14)
China	.06 (0.04, 0.10)	.29 (0.14, 0.51)	.02 (0.01, 0.02)	-	.06 (0.05, 0.08)	.04 (0.03, 0.05)	.08 (0.05, 0.12)	.07 (0.05, 0.11)	.07 (0.05, 0.11)
Central & West Asia	.27 (0.13, 0.51)	.04 (0.03, 0.06)	.07 (0.04, 0.13)	.02 (0.02, 0.03)	-	.06 (0.04, 0.08)	.02 (0.01, 0.02)	.08 (0.06, 0.12)	.16 (0.09, 0.29)
South Asia	.08 (0.05, 0.12)	.04 (0.03, 0.06)	.02 (0.02, 0.03)	.02 (0.01, 0.04)	.17 (0.09, 0.30)	-	.02 (0.01, 0.02)	.07 (0.05, 0.10)	.13 (0.06, 0.25)
Southeast Asia	.07 (0.04, 0.11)	.06 (0.03, 0.10)	.02 (0.01, 0.02)	.03 (0.02, 0.06)	.05 (0.04, 0.07)	.03 (0.02, 0.04)	-	.05 (0.04, 0.08)	.05 (0.04, 0.07)
South Korea & Japan	.10 (0.04, 0.21)	.07 (0.03, 0.15)	.02 (0.02, 0.03)	.03 (0.02, 0.06)	.12 (0.07, 0.24)	.05 (0.03, 0.09)	.02 (0.01, 0.03)	-	.61 (0.13, 0.79)
Siberia	.45 (0.20, 0.84)	.08 (0.04, 0.14)	.05 (0.03, 0.06)	.06 (0.03, 0.13)	.49 (0.26, 0.76)	.11 (0.07, 0.18)	.02 (0.02, 0.03)	.54 (0.18, 0.91)	-

Technical Appendix Table 2. Number of sequences used from each geographic region in different stages of the	
analysis	

	Diversity estimates	Equal sampling	Genealogical estimates
Europe	261	50	261
Hong Kong	168	50	168
Africa	704	50	376
China	768	50	576
Central & West Asia	64	50	64
South Asia	176	50	153
Southeast Asia	1024	50	594
South Korea & Japan	105	50	105
Siberia	95	50	95
Total	3365	450	2392

Technical Appendix Table 3 Number of sequences used from each geographic region in different stages of
rechinical Appendix Table 6. Namber of sequences ased norm each geographic region in american stages of
the analysis using the sub-datasets with sequences from 2006 to 2011*

	Diversity estimates	Equal sampling	Genealogical estimates
Europe	101	55	101
Africa	534	55	534
China	70	55	70
South Asia	84	55	84
Southeast Asia	329	55	329
Siberia	55	55	55
Total	1173	330	1173

\*Sequences isolated from this period but without month information available are removed from this analysis.

Technical Appendix Table 4. Regional genetic diversity  $\pi$  arrayed below the diagonal, measured in terms of 10<sup>-3</sup> substitutions per site, and regional  $F_{ST}$  arrayed above diagonal, with 95% confidence intervals determined by 1,000 bootstrap replicates

	Europe	Hong Kong	Africa	China	Central & West	South Asia	Southeast Asia	South Korea &	Siberia
					Asia			Japan	
Europe	8.2 (7.5, 9.1)	0.75 (0.73,	0.07 (-0.05,	0.60 (0.57,	0.20 (0.16, 0.45)	-0.18 (-0.48,	0.62 (0.58,	0.71 (0.65, 0.91)	0.62 (0.54,
		0.84)	0.70)	0.76)		0.37)	0.74)		0.91)
Hong Kong	47.1 (44.6,	14.7 (13.0,	0.70 (0.68,	0.03 (-0.06,	0.65 (0.60, 0.70)	0.65 (0.61, 0.69)	0.47 (0.43,	0.77 (0.72, 0.80)	0.79 (0.77,
	70.6)	16.7)	0.72)	0.11)			0.52)		0.82)
Africa	15.4 (12.5,	54.4 (52.1,	18.2 (16.4,	0.53 (0.50,	0.06 (0.00, 0.12)	0.50 (0.46, 0.55)	0.59 (0.57,	0.85 (0.84, 0.87)	0.77 (0.74,
	44.9)	56.7)	20.0)	0.56)			0.62)		0.79)
China	46.6 (43.1,	22.1 (19.7,	49.3 (46.5,	28.1 (24.8,	0.51 (0.46, 0.55)	0.49 (0.43 0.55)	0.24 (0.19,	0.64 (0.60, 0.68)	0.61 (0.57,
	76.4)	24.5)	52.3)	31.0)			0.29)		0.64)
Central & West Asia	18.1 (14.2,	50.5 (48.9,	20.5 (18.1,	49.0 (46.3,	20.4 (15.1, 26.5)	0.13 (–0.01,	0.50 (0.45,	0.78 (0.71, 0.83)	0.28 (0.18,
	27.3)	52.5)	23.3)	51.7)		0.26)	0.55)		0.38)
South Asia	15.0 (12.0,	58.3 (55.3,	44.6 (41.2,	53.2 (48.8,	26.8 (23.1, 31.0)	26.2 (22.6, 30.3)	0.55 (0.51,	0.72 (0.68, 0.76)	0.69 (0.63,
	27.0)	60.9)	48.2)	58.4)			0.59)		0.75)
Southeast Asia	52.0 (48.8,	43.6 (40.7,	60.9 (58.7,	38.9 (37.5,	52.1 (50.5, 53.9)	64.0 (60.8, 67.3)	31.3 (28.4,	0.70 (0.65, 0.74)	0.63 (0.60,
	74.8)	46.7)	63.4)	40.5)			34.3)		0.66)
South Korea &	23.2 (17.7,	39.9 (34.3,	74.9 (70.5,	44.3 (41.3,	55.2 (45.3, 64.1)	53.7 (48.4, 59.2)	58.6 (50.2,	3.9 (3.7, 4.2)	0.89 (0.79,
Japan	70.6)	45.9)	78.8)	47.2)			67.1)		0.93)
Siberia	18.3 (13.0,	45.3 (42.0,	47.8 (41.8,	40.6 (38.6,	16.9 (14.5, 19.7)	49.4 (42.5, 56.0)	47.3 (45.7,	37.2 (19.0, 56.2)	3.9 (3.4, 4.5)
	70.0)	48.5)	53.6)	42.6)			49.4)		

Technical Appendix Table 5. Statis	stical analysis of geogra	phic structuring fo	r HPAI (H5N1)	viruses from 20	006 to 2011
using bar 3					
Statistic	observed mean	95% CI	null mean	95% CI	significance
MC (Siberia)	8.99	7.0–16.0	1.56	1.06-2.02	0.001
MC (Africa)	437.66	431.0-440.0	5.62	4.55-7.49	0.001
MC (Southeast Asia)	189.78	188.0–188.0	3.68	3.11-4.97	0.001
MC (South Asia)	56.00	56.0-56.0	1.92	1.42-2.29	0.001
MC (Europe)	32.09	32.0-32.0	2.05	1.70-2.55	0.001
MC (China)	8.84	7.0–13.0	1.77	1.26-2.11	0.001

Technical Appendix Tehle 6. Means and OE% confidence intervals of the total immigration and	
recifical Appendix Table 6. Means and 95% confidence intervals of the total infinity ation and	
emigration rates across resampled replicates from 2006 to 2011*	

	Immigration	Emigration
Europe	1.12 (0.77, 1.61)	0.33 (0.23, 0.54)
Africa	0.13 (0.10, 0.19)	0.52 (0.35, 0.75)
China	0.20 (0.14, 0.27)	0.55 (0.45, 0.72)
South Asia	0.40 (0.31, 0.51)	0.46 (0.29, 0.66)
Southeast Asia	0.14 (0.10, 0.20)	0.28 (0.22, 0.38)
Siberia	0.95 (0.68, 1.39)	0.82 (0.58, 1.10)

\*The migration rates are measured in terms of migration events per lineage per year.

Technical Appendix Table 7. Estimates for immigration (columns) and emigration (rows) rates between each pair of
regions measured in terms of migration events per lineage per year using sequences from 2006 to 2011

	Europe	Africa	China	South Asia	Southeast	Siberia
					Asia	
Europe	-	.04 (0.03,	.02 (0.02,	.06 (0.04,	.02 (0.01,	.19 (0.13,
		0.07)	0.02)	0.07)	0.03)	0.35)
Africa	.31 (0.21,	-	.02 (0.01,	.06 (0.04,	.01 (0.01,	.11 (0.08,
	0.48)		0.02)	0.08)	0.02)	0.16)
China	.13 (0.10,	.02 (0.02,	-	.04 (0.03,	.07 (0.05,	.30 (0.25,
	0.16)	0.02)		0.05)	0.09)	0.40)
South Asia	.14 (0.10,	.02 (0.02,	.02 (0.02,	-	.02 (0.01,	.25 (0.13,
	0.22)	0.03)	0.03)		0.02)	0.36)
Southeast	.10 (0.08,	.02 (0.02,	.03 (0.02,	.04 (0.03,	-	.10 (0.08,
Asia	0.13)	0.02)	0.05)	0.05)		0.13)
Siberia	.44 (0.28,	.03 (0.02,	.12 (0.08,	.20 (0.17,	.03 (0.02,	- ´
	0.63)	0.04)	0.15)	0.25)	0.04)	

Technical Appendix Table 8. Means and 95% credible intervals over
sampled genealogies for the location of the genealogy trunk between the
years of 2006 and 2011

	Trunk proportion	
Europe	0.01 (0.00, 0.04)	
Africa	0.22 (0.19, 0.27)	
China	0.32 (0.18, 0.52)	
South Asia	0.00 (0.00, 0.02)	
Southeast Asia	0.43 (0.27, 0.57)	
Siberia	0.02 (0.00, 0.06)	







Technical Appendix Figure 2. Monthly and geographic distribution of sequences from 2006 to 2011.



Technical Appendix Figure 3. Global migration patterns of HPAI (H5N1) viruses estimated from sequence data between 2006 and 2011. Arrows represent movement direction and arrow width is proportional to the migration rate. Arrows with migration rate smaller than 0.1 migration events per lineage per year are not shown. Circle areas are proportional to a region's eigenvector centrality. The larger a circle is, the greater the importance of the node in the migration network.



Technical Appendix Figure 4. Genealogy of 1,173 HPAI (H5N1) viruses sampled from 2006 to 2011. This tree was generated using Migrate v3.3.0 and has the highest posterior probability. Each point represents a virus sequence and color indicates the sampling region of this sequence.



Technical Appendix Figure 5. Temporal changes of geographic region along the trunk of the HPAI (H5N1) tree from 2006 to 2011